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ST Aloysius (Deemed to be University)
Mangaluru
SCHOOL OF LAW
(UG Programme)
BBA LLB(H)/LLB(H)- Semester I – Examination
December - 2025
LAW OF TORTS, MVC & CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT

Time: 2½ hrs.

Max Marks: 60

PART – A

Answer any **FOUR** of the following questions (short answers)

(4 x 5=20)

1. Define Tort. Explain the essential elements of tort with decided cases.
2. Explain the doctrine of "Volenti non fit Injuria" with its various exceptions.
3. Explain vicarious liability. What are the circumstances in which the master will be liable for the acts of his servant?
4. Define and discuss assault and battery with the help of cases. Explain the difference between them.
5. Define the terms "consumer" and "services". Explain the composition, powers and functions of District Consumer Forum.
6. The Motor Vehicle Act 1988 makes it necessary to insure motor vehicles against third party risks. Discuss.

PART – B

Answer any **TWO** questions of the following:

(2 x 10 =20)

7. Discuss the rights of consumers and salient features of Consumer Protection Act, 2019.
8. Explain the 'Offences and Penalties' under Motor Vehicles Act, 1988.
9. Explain the legal remedies available for tortious liability.

PART – C

Answer any **TWO** Situational Problem /Case Study (Compulsory)

(2 x 10 =20)

10. 'Shyam' is residing in the first floor of a building. 'Prem' intends to start a flour mill on the ground floor of the same building. This would cause nuisance to 'Shyam'. Advise what action he can take?
11. There was an untrue publication of a statement in a newspaper that Smitha went out of her house during the night on the pretext of attending night classes and ran away with a boy called Ramesh. Hence Smitha decides to file a case of defamation against the newspaper. Will she succeed? Advise Smitha.
12. The Plaintiff's and the defendant's dogs were fighting. The defendant was beating them in order to separate them. As the plaintiff was looking, the defendant accidentally hit the plaintiff's eye causing severe injury. Is the defendant liable for the damages? Solve.

(2025 Batch onwards)

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ST ALOYSIUS (DEEMED TO BE UNIVERSITY)

Mangaluru

SCHOOL OF LAW

(UG Programme)

LLB(H)- Semester I – Examination

December - 2025

COMPARATIVE CONSTITUTION

Time: 2½ hrs.

Max Marks: 60

PART – A

Answer any **FOUR** of the following questions (short answers)

(4 x 5=20)

1. Explain the Due process of Law.
2. Write a short note on Amendability of Constitution in the United Kingdom.
3. Explain the concept of Judicial review.
4. Explain the provisions relating to admissibility of extraneous evidence.
5. Explain the principle against delegation of constitutional powers as a limitation in India and the US.
6. What is the concept of final interpretation of constitution? Explain with the help of cases.

PART – B

Answer any **TWO** questions of the following:

(2x10 =20)

7. Define Constitution. Explain the characteristics of a written constitution.
8. Explain the concept of rule of law in India with comparison to the U.K.
9. Describe the concept of the Constitution as a higher law and distinguish it from rule of law.

PART – C

Answer any **TWO** Case Law (Compulsory)

(2x10 =20)

10. Marbury v. Madison (1803)
11. Shankari Prasad v. UOI (1965)
12. Maneka Gandhi v. Union of India (1976)

(2025 Batch Onwards)

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ST ALOYSIUS (DEEMED TO BE UNIVERSITY)

Mangaluru

SCHOOL OF LAW

(UG Programme)

LLB(H)- Semester I – Examination

December - 2025

CRIMINAL LAW-I (BNS)

Time: 2½ Hours.

Max Marks: 60

PART – A

Answer any FOUR of the following questions (short answers) (4x5=20)

1. Explain the concept of Mens Rea and Actus Reas in Criminal Law.
2. Explain the salient features and uniqueness of BNS 2023.
3. In all robbery there is either theft or extortion. Explain.
4. Explain Hurt and Grievous Hurt?
5. What do you mean by common intention? Distinguish it from common object.
6. Define and explain the offence of wrongful restraint. Distinguish it from wrongful confinement.

PART – B

Answer any TWO questions of the following: (2x10=20)

7. Describe at least four kinds of Private defences acceptable to an accused under BNS 2023.
8. What is meant by unlawful assembly and state the ingredients of it.
9. Explain Murder. Explain culpable homicide not amounting to murder.

PART – C

Answer any TWO Situational Problem /Case Study (Compulsory) (2x10=20)

10. Kiran is a thief. He was entering Suresh's house at midnight through a hole in the wall. Suresh caught Kiran and held him face down on the ground to stop him from entering. This caused Kiran's death. Did Suresh commit any offence? Decide.
11. A doctor, in good faith, communicated to a patient his opinion that the patient cannot live. The patient died due to shock. Is the doctor liable?
12. 'A' falsely representing himself as 'B' in the University Examination and appears for the examination. Decide the liability of 'A'

(2025 Batch Onwards)

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ST ALOYSIUS (DEEMED TO BE UNIVERSITY)

Mangaluru

SCHOOL OF LAW

(UG Programme)

LLB(H)- Semester I – Examination

December - 2025

FAMILY LAW I

Time: 2½ Hours.

Max Marks: 60

PART – A

Answer any FOUR of the following questions (short answers) (4x5=20)

1. Who has the capacity to adopt a child.
2. Explain the powers of natural guardian.
3. Explain the condition of valid custom.
4. Write a short note on restitution of conjugal rights.
5. Explain power of alienation by Kartha.
6. Explain the rules of succession in the case of female Hindu.

PART – B

Answer any TWO questions of the following: (2x10 =20)

7. Explain the grounds of desertion and adultery for dissolution of marriage.
8. Explain devolution of coparcenary property under section 6 of Hindu Succession (Amendment) Act, 2005
9. Explain the persons to whom Hindu Law applies.

PART – C

Answer any TWO Situational Problem /Case Study (2x10 =20) (Compulsory)

10. Meenakshi was a Hindu woman living with her parents. Before she got married, she legally adopted a girl child, named Lalitha, under Hindu Adoption and Maintenance Act. A year later, Meenakshi married Arun, who belonged to a large Hindu Undivided Family (HUF) with ancestral coparcenary property.

After marriage, Lalitha lived with Meenakshi and Arun as their adopted daughter.

Some years later, Arun died without leaving any natural children behind.

After his death, Lalitha claimed a share in the ancestral coparcenary property, saying:

Contd...2

"Under Hindu law, an adopted child is treated like a natural-born child."

Does Lalitha, the girl adopted by Meenakshi *before* her marriage to Arun, become the daughter of Arun and get a share in Arun's ancestral property?

11. Priya and Mahesh obtained a decree of divorce from the Family Court on 1 June 2023.

The law gives 90 days to file an appeal.

Within 60 days, Priya filed an appeal challenging the divorce decree, saying the court had misunderstood evidence.

Meanwhile, without waiting for the appeal period to expire, Mahesh married another woman, Sneha, only 40 days after the divorce decree.

Issue:

Whether Mahesh's second marriage is valid under Section 15 of the Hindu Marriage Act?

12. Ravi, a Hindu male, died leaving behind his wife Supriya and his brother Surendra. Soon after Ravi's death, Surendra suspected that Rekha had poisoned her husband and filed a criminal complaint. Supriya was arrested and charged with murder under IPC.

After a full trial, the Sessions Court acquitted Supriya, holding that there was no evidence against her and that her husband had died of natural causes.

After the acquittal, Supriya claimed her share in Ravi's property as his Class I heir. Surendra objected, arguing that since Supriya was once prosecuted for the murder of her husband, she should be disqualified from inheriting.

Issue: Whether being *prosecuted* for murder disqualifies a widow from inheriting her husband's property.

(2025 Batch Onwards)

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ST ALOYSIUS (DEEMED TO BE UNIVERSITY)

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SCHOOL OF LAW

(UG Programme)

LLB(H)- Semester I – Examination

December - 2025

Constitutional Law - 1

Time: 2½ hrs.

Max Marks: 60

PART – A

Answer any **FOUR** of the following questions (short answers) (4 x 5=20)

1. Mention the conditions of attaining citizenship under registration.
2. Explain the doctrines of eclipse.
3. What is the meaning equal protection of the laws.
4. What are the grounds under which freedom of speech and expression can be restricted by the State?
5. Write a short note on fundamental duties of the citizen.
6. What is federal government? what are the features of federal government?

PART – B

Answer any **TWO** questions of the following: (2 x 10 =20)

7. Explain the rights of the accused with related case laws.
8. Explain different kinds of writs under article 32.
9. Explain the salient features of the constitution.

PART – C

Answer any **TWO** Situational Problem /Case Study (2 x 10 =20)
(Compulsory)

10. Asha Verma, a social activist and researcher, received an invitation to attend a *human rights conference in Europe*. She applied for an exit permit to travel abroad. The Regional Passport Authority issued her a notice stating that her travel permit was suspended "in the interest of public order" No reasons were given in the notice. Asha requested a hearing, but the authority refused, claiming that the matter involved "sensitive information." The government argued that:
 - "Procedure established by law" was followed.
 - No hearing was required since national interest was involved.

Frame issues and decide the case

Contd...2

11. Ananya was selected into the Indian Revenue Service (IRS) in 2005. She was an excellent officer with consistently high performance ratings. However, the IRS service rules still contained certain rules specifically for women like 'A woman officer must give written notice six months before marriage.' When Ananya became eligible for promotion to Commissioner rank, the junior male officers were promoted ahead of her.

Frame issues and decide the case.

12. Rajesh Kumar, a businessman from Ahmedabad, was detained under the *Gujarat Prevention of Public Disturbance Act, 1984* on the ground that he was allegedly financing local gangs. The District Magistrate issued a fresh detention order every 89 days, cancelling the previous one each time. This cycle continued for almost a year, keeping Rajesh Kumar in jail without any review by the Advisory Board.

Rajesh filed a writ petition challenging the detention. Decide the case.

(2025 Batch onwards)

LB9CUCC100/ LB9BUCC100

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St Aloysius (Deemed to be University)

Mangaluru

School of Law (UG Programme)

BBA LLB(H) / LLB (H) - Semester I – Examination

December - 2025

CONTRACT -1

Time: 2½ hrs.

Max Marks: 60

PART – A

Answer any FOUR of the following questions (short answers) (4x5=20)

1. "All contracts are agreements but all agreements are not contracts". Explain.
2. What agreements are said to be void? Explain with illustrations.
3. Write a short note on Contingent Contract.
4. Who are competent to contract? Explain the effects of minor's agreement.
5. Write a note on recovery of immovable property.
6. Write a note on cancellation of instruments.

PART – B

Answer any TWO questions of the following: (2x10=20)

7. Explain Quasi Contracts and its essentials and how they are different from ordinary contracts with the help of important cases.
8. What is meant by specific performance? Who can claim it?
9. Explain the different modes of discharge of contract.

PART – C

Answer any TWO Situational Problem /Case Study (Compulsory) (2x10=20)

10. Mr. 'A' a customer picks up an article in a departmental store and takes it to the cash counter. Mr. B, a clerk at the cash counter refuses to sell as it is only a sample, but not for sale. Mr. 'A' wants to institute a suit against the owner of the store for breach of contract. Advise Mr.'A'.
11. Ramu invited his friends for dinner. His friends agreed to attend the dinner. Ramu and his wife prepared the food by spending Rs. 10,000/-. But Ramu's friends failed to attend the dinner. Ramu wants to institute a suit against his friend for breach of contract. Can he do so?
12. Mr.A and Mr.B entered into an agreement whereby 'A' should pay Rs. 10,000/- to 'B', if it rains on a specified day, otherwise 'B' should pay Rs. 10,000/- to 'A'. It rains on that specified day. Can 'B' recover the amount from 'A' in a court of law?
